

The *EIR* Record on The Nazi International

The following excerpts were compiled by Counterintelligence Editor Michele Steinberg, from both EIR and its monthly bulletin Investigative Leads, directed to intelligence and law-enforcement experts, which was published from 1979-95.

“The Nazi-Soviet Alliance Behind International Terrorism,” by Lyndon H. LaRouche, *Investigative Leads*, Feb. 25, 1984.

The editors’ tracking of international terrorism began modestly during the Summer of 1968, in a study of the social-political profile and financial backing of the faction of SDS which soon afterward become the Weatherman terrorists. The long apprenticeship in these and related matters of counterintelligence was transformed into professionalism during 1977-1978, as this writer was himself targeted for assassination by [Germany’s] Baader-Meinhof (RAF) and U.S. terrorist groups during the Summer of 1977, and as we cooperated with some leading circles in Italy during 1978 in an investigation of the Italian Red Brigades kidnapping-murder of former Italian Prime Minister Aldo Moro.

During 1978 and 1979, we were the first to expose publicly the intimate interlinks between terrorism and the major drug-running and gun-running networks. . . . Gradually the laborious process of triangulation focused our attention in Switzerland, and, then, more exactly on the headquarters of the present-day Nazi International organization of banker François Genoud in Lausanne, Switzerland.

Genoud is an authentic, hard-core Nazi. He was a prominent Nazi official in Switzerland during Adolf Hitler’s reign in Germany, and emerged as a kind of general secretary for the reconstituted Nazi (“Malmö”) International when that was reassembled as a public association in Rome, Italy, at the close of the 1940s.

“Klaus Barbie, the Nazi International and Organized Crime,” by Michele Steinberg, *EIR*, March 1, 1983.

The Feb. 5, 1983 extradition of former Gestapo official Klaus Barbie from Bolivia to stand trial in France could become one of the most explosive political shakeups in post-war history. Ongoing investigations by *Executive Intelligence Review* have uncovered new evidence which points to a more than 30-year relationship between Barbie—the infamous “Butcher of Lyons,” who killed thousands of resistance fighters and Jews while heading the Gestapo unit in Lyons, France—and some of America’s leading “citizens above suspicion.” These include Henry A. Kissinger; Gen. Julius Klein, a leader of the U.S. occupation forces; former OSS Station

Chief and later CIA Director Allen Dulles; U.S. High Commissioner for Germany John J. McCloy; Kissinger mentor Fritz Kraemer; and the late Frank Wisner, former head of the State Department’s Office of Policy Coordination. . . .

The investigator must not stop with Barbie’s alleged recruitment to U.S. intelligence agencies and escape from Europe in 1948. According to documented information, Klaus Barbie has been at the center of the neo-Nazi International since the end of the war: the neo-Nazi International that is run out of Lausanne, Switzerland by banker and former SS officer, François Genoud, a funder of left- and right-wing terrorists in Europe today.

“Secret Report Shows Former Bolivian Government Ran Narcotics Traffic,” *Investigative Leads*, June 5, 1983.

On April 26 [1983] the U.S. Attorney’s office in Miami, Florida, indicted Luis Arce Gómez, the former Interior Minister of Bolivia, on charges of conspiracy to export and distribute hundreds of pounds of cocaine to the United States. . . .

The Interior Ministry office headed by Arce Gómez was a sanctuary for Latin American operatives of the Propaganda-2 Freemasonic Lodge, and of the Nazi International. The connections include the following:

- Cocaine-traffickers including Pier Luigi Pagliai and Stefano Delle Chiaie, both members of the Italian fascist group Ordine Nuovo (New Order), and wanted for the bombing of the Bologna, Italy, train station in 1980, where 86 people were killed. Pagliai was shot while being captured by Bolivian police in October 1982, and extradited to Italy where he later died.

- Stefano Delle Chiaie, who was sought in the same operation in which Pagliai was captured, worked directly for Klaus Barbie in a special unit of Arce Gómez’s Interior Ministry. Delle Chiaie was identified in confessions by Elio Ciolini, a member of the Propaganda-2 (P-2) Lodge, as one of the key operatives in the Bologna bombing, which Ciolini said was planned at a secret meeting of the P-2 “executive group,” called the Monte Carlo Committee, in April 1980. Ciolini also testified that Henry Kissinger, the former U.S. Secretary of State, was a member of that elite Monte Carlo Committee. . . .

- Klaus Barbie, the Nazi war criminal who is now standing trial in France . . . was a special operative for Arce Gómez’s Interior Ministry.

The April 26, 1983, U.S. indictment of Arce Gómez is thus a first step toward stopping the operations of the Bolivian P-2 operatives who were responsible for the 1980 “cocaine coup” in that country. These charges, however, are far too narrow in scope.

“François Genoud, Terrorist Controller,” *Investigative Leads*, Feb. 25, 1984.

The key lead in establishing the continuity of the Nazi apparatus before, during, and after the war, is not only the Anglo-American protection operation, but the British intelli-



The 1980 Nazi International bombing of the Bologna train station killed 86 people. EIR has documented, with increasing precision since the terrorist wave of the 1970s, the controllers behind every ideological brand name of terrorism—what we know today, as Synarchism.

gence-run European Center for the Study of Fascism, directed by Strachey Barnes. Based in Lausanne, the home of Genoud, Barnes' operation served as a mediation point for Prime Minister Winston Churchill, Mussolini, and leading German Nazis. Immediately after the war, Barnes turned over the operation to a close associate of Genoud, Gaston Armand Guy Amaudruz. During the 1940s, Amaudruz established the *Courier du Continent* and New European Order organizations. In 1946, Amaudruz took over the European Center for the Study of Fascism.

In setting up the New European Order organization, the "universal fascists" created an intelligence operation under the protection of the Anglo-American intelligence agencies. Working with Amaudruz was a Nazi youth leader, Gunther Schwab, whose book *Dance with the Devil*, created the core ideological base by which today's new fascist party, the Green Party of West Germany, was formed. . . .

Establishing the international networks became the work of the Amaudruz-run Malmö International. In 1950, at the first meeting in Rome, all the old luminaries of the war gathered together the preparations for a new fascist order. In attendance were Sir Oswald Mosley, who was being financed by a Venetian-based foundation, according to U.S. Army counterintelligence records; Count Loredan, a Venetian nobleman who organized the Italian Social Movement (MSI); as well as leading former Nazis and SS officers. . . . In 1951, the second meeting of the Nazi International was held in Malmö, Sweden.

Officially, the Malmö International was dissolved in 1956; however, the organizational infrastructure is maintained through covert networks.

The present profile of the Nazi International is understood

through the network of publications and institutions which is again propagandizing the racial purity line: the *Mankind Quarterly*, run by Scottish Rite and British intelligence operative Sir Robert Gayre; Armin Mohler of the Siemens Foundation; the *École Nouvelle* of Alain de Benoist; and Ties Christophersen's *Gesellschaft fur Biologische Anthropologie*.

As part of the renewed campaign to reorganize the old Nazi apparatus, Genoud's 1982 publication of the *Political Testament of Hitler* was to be followed by the *Last Political Notes of Martin Bormann*. François Genoud's publishing rights to Hitler's last political testament were arranged through the help of Nazi propaganda minister Josef Goebbels' widow, a close friend of Genoud.

Operationally, this neo-Nazi apparatus functions through Scottish Rite Freemasonic lodges: in Italy, Propaganda-2; Monaco, Monte Carlo Lodge; Geneva, Alpina Lodge; and London, the United Mother Grand Lodge run by the Duke of Kent. . . .

One of the top law firms of the Nazi apparatus, Poncet, Turetini, Amaudruz, and Neyrod, is based in Geneva. The Amaudruz in question is Gaston Guy Amaudruz, and the firm is utilized by François Genoud in handling many of his publishing lawsuits.

Otto Skorzeny's Key Role

In terms of the Anglo-American intelligence services, the key protected asset of British intelligence and its junior partner the OSS-CIA, was SS Col. Otto Skorzeny, head of all special paramilitary operations for Hitler. Skorzeny married the niece of Hjalmar Schacht; she is now one of the closest of Genoud's associates.

Skorzeny, in all likelihood, was a British agent-of-influ-



EIR's published 1984 overview of the right-wing networks responsible for the years-long "strategy of tension" terror bombings under left-wing cover, aimed at bringing down European governments. U.S. intelligence reports of World War II called this "Synarchism—Nazi/Communism."

ence through most of the war, and brought Abwehr and SS officers into the Anglo-American camp after the war. According to one source, he had extensive holdings of land in Ireland and Spain, which were protected by the British as a hedge against future collaboration with Skorzeny after the war. Skorzeny not only saved Mussolini's life, but was probably responsible for preventing the partisans in Italy from seizing the secret papers of Mussolini and his correspondence with Churchill. . . .

Skorzeny was close to the number-two man at the Abwehr, Lahousen-Wemint, and was able to bring this grouping into post-war Anglo-American operations. . . . Skorzeny's Middle East apparatus, protected by Allen Dulles, intersected three areas: 1) King Farouk's Egypt; 2) the King of Libya (a Senussi); and 3) the Kalil family of Kuwait. According to a former U.S. intelligence officer, Skorzeny's ties into the Kalil family enabled him to finance many of the projects for the Middle East. . . . One of Skorzeny's deputies, an operative named Wermuth, also an engineer by training, set up many of the banking-logistical operations around which François Genoud later turned up. Using his Madrid-based company Adsap, Skorzeny established smuggling, arms, and drug operations in Vienna and Paris. . . .

The key neo-Nazi smuggling operations to finance destabilizations are handled by an Austrian neo-Nazi named Horst Grillmayer; by Stefano Delle Chiaie, the mastermind of the P-2 Lodge's bloody 1980 Bologna train station bombing; by Klaus Barbie's Bolivian connection; and by Klaus Fiebelkorn, who was recently arrested in West Germany. These also intersect the neo-Nazi Turkish Grey Wolves organization which deployed would-be Papal assassin Mehmet Ali Agca.

The career of the Nazi Amt VI's Walter Schellenberg raises the key question: How were most of the SS, Gestapo, and Abwehr networks turned over to the Anglo-Americans? Schellenberg, according to a recent book on the subject by

William Stevenson, was absorbed into a British secret service network, and spent five post-war years in what had been a lunatic asylum outside London. This asylum provided the perfect cover for long-term interrogation of men like Schellenberg.

Schellenberg, who had taken over Nazi Heydrich's position after the latter's assassination during the war, was Abwehr director over Admiral Wilhelm Canaris, and in charge of the Gehlen organization. It is not well-known that after the war, Reinhard Gehlen and his circle confiscated Schellenberg's file system, with an international list of all informants, agents, etc. A reconciliation between Schellenberg and Gehlen occurred in 1950, at a meeting in Madrid, where Skorzeny opened his office and

received both men.

It is through the ideological and operational centers of the Nazi International that both left-wing and right-wing assassination and terrorist operations come together, with overlap of the Abwehr-SS and Trotskyite Fourth International. In France, the Nouvelle Droite of Le Pen; in Germany, the neo-Nazis; in Spain, Fuerza Nueva; and in Britain, Column 88; are all basically under control of the League of St. George, based in Britain—which also controls the Régis Debray Fourth International via Michel Pablo.

"London Role Exposed In Italian Terrorism," by Claudio Celani, *EIR*, Jan. 12, 2001.

A failed bombing attempt against a newspaper in Rome has brought to the limelight the role of London in fostering international terrorism, confirming what *EIR* has often written. Now, Italian researchers and the Parliament are demanding an investigation, to find out whether a neo-fascist organization, called Forza Nuova, has enjoyed protection by Her Majesty's intelligence services, and whether there could be a political strategy behind the escalating pattern of terrorist activities over the last year in Italy.

On Dec. 22, Andrea Insabato, a psychologically unstable, radical right-winger, was severely injured by a crude bomb which exploded at his feet, in the central office of the Rome daily *Il Manifesto*. Although Insabato (who survived his severe injuries) and his lawyers keep insisting that he was there only by chance, the police have no doubt that he was himself the perpetrator.

Insabato is an old acquaintance of the police: In the early 1980s, he spent three years in jail, in the aftermath of the famous Bologna train station bombing, in which 86 people died. Insabato was a member of a neo-fascist organization called Terza Posizione, whose leaders, Roberto Fiore and Massimo Morsello, were supposed to end up in jail as well, but instead escaped to London, where they enjoyed protection

from Italian justice. All Italian requests for the extradition of Fiore and Morsello were systematically turned down by the British Foreign Office, until the statute of limitations ran out, and, after almost 20 years, the two were able to go back to Italy.

“The PAN’s Nazi, Synarchist Roots,” *EIR*, June 10, 1985.

EIR here prints, for the first time, a startling document from the files of the U.S. State Department of the 1940s, revealing full knowledge of the Nazi, anti-American nature of the PAN [National Action Party of Mexico] from its inception in 1939. . . . The following extraordinary excerpts are from an Oct. 31, 1941 confidential intelligence report submitted to the State Department by the assistant naval attaché at the U.S. embassy in Mexico City.

The Sinarquista Movement

The Unión Nacional Sinarquista is a totalitarian movement based upon both Nazi and Fascist ideas and plans, and directed by Nazi agents through an intricate Spanish Falange/Church of Mexico organization. Most of its membership is made up of middle and lower class Mexicans who are devout Catholics, but among its large and petty chiefs can be found many Spaniards of the Right (Falangists).

The Unión Nacional Sinarquista came into being on May 27, 1937, in the city of León, State of Guanajuato, when two active Falangists, José and Salvador Trueba Olivares, appeared before a notary, Lic. Manuel Villasenor, and registered a constitution for the Unión. The witnesses were a German engineer, Hellmuth Oskar Schreiter; Adolfo Maldonado and Melchor Ortega, state officials; and Lic. Isaac Guzmán Valdivia.

According to the known facts about the Unión’s constitution, the movement seeks to 1) create an authoritative state in Mexico, 2) “save Mexico from itself and foreigners,” 3) subordinate private interests to that of the state, 4) wage war against Communism and leftist labor unions, 5) establish “full Mexican nationalism, free from foreign tutelage,” 6) eliminate “foreign symbols and propaganda,” 7) unite labor, capital, and government for greater production, 8) eliminate all class struggle and establish one political party, 9) permit private ownership of property and profit from private enterprise, but “adjusted” to the needs of the community and state.

Schreiter, the German engineer, who was said to have been looking around for fertile propaganda ground, reported to Berlin that the Trueba Olivares family was hotly pro-German and pro-Italian and anti-American, so he was ordered to back the group financially and lead it on its new path. This he did, arranging for the Unión’s founding and its constitution, and appearing in person to have it legally established as a group.

With the German backing as an impetus, the Unión got

going quickly. In 1938 it organized a secret military group within the Unión, to drill members and teach them to use arms in Nazi military fashion. It is today a powerful group but how well armed the members are, cannot definitely be established. Members claim 150,000 rifles and from 2,000 to 3,000 machine guns. One of the most dangerous factors is that in the Mexican Army itself, several of these Unión military groups are reliably reported to exist. . . .

The Unión uses the communist-nazi “cell” idea. Crack organizers, mostly Mexicans, are constantly on the job, working through the priests, from whom they get names of good candidates. Small cell groups are formed, interlocking in the same town. Certain members of these town cells are linked with cells in other parts of the area. The cells are built up to a certain level, and no Mexican member knows more than a few order-giving leaders. . . . Propaganda of a virulent totalitarian character with nationalist and anti-gringo icing is directed at the middle and lower classes. . . .

The Unión, as ordered by the Falange, wants to use Mexico as the nearest center of espionage against the United States. It seeks to organize efficient cells expressly for sabotage in Mexico and the U.S. It wants to build up Mexico as a convenient munitions center for totalitarian revolts whenever the United States might get involved in a war. . . .

Mexicans are told that their country, under Sinarquismo, will be the great nation of the Northern Hemisphere. The United States is doomed, say the organizers, and members are told that as soon as the United States gets into the war, the American nation will crack open due to isolationist antagonism, and Mexico, under Unión dominance, will take over vast sections of the United States, such as the Pacific Coast, the Southwest and Central South.

Acción Nacional

No investigation of the Sinarquistas would be complete without due importance being given to a smaller but powerful group in Mexico called the Acción Nacional. This is a group made up chiefly of business and professional men who are close to the church, who are inter-linked with the Sinarquistas through the Falange, and who hope to blossom out as the big men of any totalitarian government. The Falange is said to get its principal secret support from the Acción using the Sinarquistas to bring in the faithful in the lower classes. Outwardly it is giving the impression of striking a lone pose as the coming “save-Mexico” group, but the Sinarquistas are unduly friendly to the Acción. . . .

As one Sinarquista leader told a reliable source: “We shall be the soldiers of the coming struggle, and the Acción Nacional will supply the officers.”

While the Acción seems to be on a different level from Sinarquismo, actually it is believed to be an integral part of the real Nazi-Falange program for the Mexican totalitarian state and any difference in levels would be ironed out when the emergency arose. . . .