

The Communist Party U.S.A. re-emerges at center of terrorist groupings

by Robert Greenberg

EIR's Investigative Leads specialists have determined that the Communist Party U.S.A. (CPUSA), which has been portrayed by the FBI as a moribund organization, re-emerged over the past year to play a crucial role in the facilitation of terrorist operations in the United States. Since spring 1983, the CPUSA organizations, targeting the 1984 Los Angeles summer Olympics.

The upgrading of the role of the CPUSA in terrorist operations is part of the Soviet drive to activate its political, ethnic, and terrorist assets worldwide. As in West Germany, where intelligence agency chief Heribert Hellenbroich has identified the Moscow-controlled German Communist Party (DKP) as the source of some \$30 million a year into the peace movement and terrorist circles, the CPUSA plays a central role in logistical support, legal defense, and financing of U.S. terrorist operations.

The Hawi case

In his keynote address to the party's 23rd national convention on Nov. 11, 1983 in Cleveland, Ohio, Harry Winston announced that the CPUSA would mobilize a "united front" of all progressive forces "similar to the one which defeated Nazism in the 1940s, to get rid of the Reagan administration." The convention also featured George Hawi, the general secretary of the Lebanese Communist Party, who began a nationwide tour of the United States with his appearance at the CPUSA convention. Hawi's party represents part of the political coalition that is responsible for the bombing of the French and U.S. military compounds and the continued sniping at U.S. Marines in Lebanon. French intelligence sources consider Hawi one of the most dangerous leaders in the Mideast.

Other speakers at the conference included Gunther Sieber, chairman of the International Department of the Socialist Unity Party of the German Democratic Republic; Stefan Isensee, member of the Socialist Unity Party of West Berlin; Ladislav Novotny of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia; George Tanev, Central Committee member of the Bulgarian Communist Party; Dimitris Sahinis, Central Committee member of the Communist Party of Bulgaria; and Istan Hars, Central Committee member of the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party.

Hawi was accompanied on his several-week tour by Abdullah Saade, a leader of the neo-Nazi Syrian Socialist National Party. Included were the following stops:

- On Nov. 10-13 he attended the 16th annual convention of the Arab American University Graduates (AAUG) in Washington, D.C. There Hawi met with Sami Albana, the nephew of Abu Nidal who led the terrorist attack by Black September on the 1972 Munich Olympics. Albana presently heads Team International, which intelligence sources say is planning terrorist attacks on the Los Angeles Olympics.

- On Nov. 18, Hawi gave a briefing to the leaders of the U.S. peace movement at a private meeting at the United Nations church in New York City. In attendance were representatives of Clergy and Laity Concerned, the World Council of Churches, the U.S. Peace Council (a CPUSA front group), the Institute for Policy Studies (IPS), the American Friends Service Committee, and SANE. Hawi's mission was to re-target the activities of the anti-nuclear and peace movement on the issue of recalling U.S. troops from Lebanon, and building a movement to protest further U.S. military moves against Soviet asset Syria.

- Hawi also visited Houston, Los Angeles, Chicago, and Philadelphia. From the United States, he immediately traveled to Moscow, where he reported to Communist Party Central Committee member Boris Ponamarev.

Target Olympics

The leading role played by the CPUSA in the terrorist targeting of the Olympics was first outlined at the April 1, 1983 meeting for the re-formation of the CPUSA youth organization, the Young Communist League (YCL). In the keynote speech, CPUSA Central Committee member Angela Davis announced that the YCL would focus on organizing youth gangs to take part in demonstrations against President Reagan at the 1984 Olympics.

The CPUSA has also begun to take over the terrorist Communist Workers Party (CWP). A CWP front group, the Federation for Progress, is planned to lead the official demonstrations scheduled at the Olympics.

The CPUSA takeover of this violent left sectlet began shortly after the deaths of five CWP members in Greensboro, North Carolina, in a November 1979 shootout with the Ku Klux Klan. The CWP received substantial aid from ex-CPU-

SA members Arthur Kinoy and Anne Braden in founding the Greensboro Defense Fund and the National Anti-Klan Network (NAKN). Through this apparatus, the CPUSA became a controlling factor in the CWP as well as over other members of NAKN.

Two years later, the CWP emerged as a central organization in the terrorist underground involved in the Brinks robbery in Nyack, New York. The May 19 Communist Organization and the John Brown Anti-Klan Committee, whose members were prosecuted in the incident, have an overlapping pool of members with the CWP.

In its recent publications, the Maoist CWP announced a rapprochement with the Soviet Union that reflects the realignment of this terrorist operation as part of Moscow's anti-Reagan international movement.

Reflecting a tremendous upgrading, the Nov. 30, 1983 edition of *Worker's Viewpoint* (the CWP newspaper), carried an interview with Georgii Arbatov, chairman of the U.S.A./Canada Institute of Moscow. Arbatov and his institute were sponsors, along with the Washington, D.C., Institute for Policy Studies, of a peace conference held in Minneapolis, Minnesota, in May 1983. Twenty-four high level Soviet officials and KGB agents attended that meeting to plan a strategy against the Reagan administration. Such are the "progressive forces" which the Soviet government newspaper *Izvestia* on March 12 described *EIR* founder Lyndon LaRouche as "totally directed at undermining," in an article characterizing LaRouche as "neo-fascist."

In the spring of 1983, the CWP announced that it would support candidates of other parties for electoral office. The campaign of Mayor Harold Washington of Chicago, according to the statements of CPUSA leaders, involved a massive deployment of party members in the field. Both the CPUSA and CWP are now actively supporting Jesse Jackson.

Hard-core terrorism

Investigations also show that WeatherUnderground leaders of the 1981 Brinks robbery were aided by "ex-members" of the Communist Party from the 1950s. This circle has been reported to include WeatherUnderground founder Kathy Boudin's attorney father Leonard Boudin, a decades-long supporter of the CPUSA.

In 1981, upon arriving in New York City, the fugitive Kathy Boudin "rented" the "vacant" apartment of Lenox Hinds, the current vice-chairman of the National Alliance Against Racist and Political Repression, an organization founded and chaired by CPUSA Central Committee member Angela Davis. Hinds was the former chairman of the National Council of Black Lawyers (NCBL), and was counsel to the Black Panthers and BLA.

Further, Jonathan Lubell, a member of the law firm Cohen, Glickstein, Ostrin, Lurie and Lubell, founded the Straight Ahead Realty Corporation with Mutulu Shakur, the leader of the Brinks robbery, who is now a fugitive. Straight Ahead Realty was the front that purchased a brownstone house in

Harlem that was used by Shakur to house the Black Acupuncture Association of North America. BAANA was a safe-house operation for the Brinks robbery, and was used by BLA leader Joanne Chesimard as a communications center for a national terrorist network.

Lubell's law firm was established by Louis Boudin, Kathy Boudin's uncle, who was a Marxist theoretician in the 1930s and a leader of the communist movement that established the CPUSA. Lubell was a president of the National Lawyers Guild, which has always been dominated by the CPUSA. The NLG has provided the legal apparatus for nearly every terrorist group in the United States.

Since the Brinks robbery, support meetings for the BLA/WeatherUnderground and FALN networks have been held by the May 19th Communist Organization and the John Brown Anti-Klan Committee at the Ukrainian Labor Home in New York City. Sources say the Ukrainian Labor Home is a CPUSA front.

FBI coverup

The FBI has consistently downplayed the CPUSA, categorizing it as "subversive, but not dangerous." This sanction has allowed the CPUSA to run operations against the interests of the United States, especially over the past year. The evidence of the FBI's coverup includes the following "blunders" made by current FBI director William Webster:

- In April 1983, Webster denied Soviet control of the U.S. peace movement, despite the fact that the World Peace Council, a Soviet front organization, controls the U.S. Peace Council, which in turn is chaired by leading CPUSA member Michael Myerson.

- The FBI and State Department were complicit in facilitating the Soviet role in the above-mentioned May 1983 Minneapolis peace conference, despite warnings from several congressmen who undertook an investigation.

It is well known that the IPS, a major interface for the international disarmament movement and terrorist organizations, was founded and is still sustained today through grants by CPUSA activist, the late Samuel Rubin of the Rubin Foundation. Rubin's daughter, Cora Rubin Weiss, is the chairwoman of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom (WILPF), a key interface between the IPS and CPUSA, run out of the Riverside Church in New York City.

The CPUSA also plays the leading role in legal defense of terrorist operations. Peter Weiss (the husband of Cora Rubin Weiss), was a founding fellow of IPS and is a board member of the Center for Constitutional Rights (CCR) in New York. The CCR, founded by Rubin and is also funded by the Rubin Foundation, is a legal think tank that houses some of the nation's top terrorist lawyers and controllers, including lawyer for the BLA/WeatherUnderground William Kunstler, and former Attorney General Ramsey Clark, a Baader-Meinhof lawyer and Khomeini supporter. Clark is also attorney for Bernard Coard of Grenada.