man who has lived in England for over 30 years, but has never been granted a British passport) first came into contact with Diana's family, the Spencers, through their mutual battles against the Crown.

Throughout the early 1990s, Mohammed al-Fayed was in a running war with Tiny Rowland, the now-deposed chairman of Lonrho, over ownership of the House of Fraser, a London corporation that owns the famous Harrods department store. Rowland has long been associated with Africa-based, but London-controlled "private" Special Air Services (SAS) mercenary circles that have served as "discreet" death squads for the British establishment and the Crown. In the past year, Rowland's name surfaced in the context of the Feb. 28, 1986 assassination of Swedish Prime Minister Olof Palme, which is now believed to have been carried out by South African assassins linked to Lonrho's operations.

It is quite relevant that *EIR* played a prominent role, in the early 1990s, in exposing Tiny Rowland and Lonrho as leading elements within the dirtiest side of the British oligarchy. This *EIR* effort was well known to the al-Fayed family.

Clearly, the circumstances surrounding the death of Princess Diana are very suspicious, and assassination cannot be ruled out at this time. While many international media outlets have already published stories attributing the murder to the House of Windsor, there is as yet no direct evidence to prove this; and events in Britain suggest that the death of Princess Diana may indeed hasten the fall of the House of Windsor. Enemies of the Windsors may have possessed even stronger motives than the Royals for eliminating the princess.

History books will certainly look back upon the death of Princess Diana as Britain's equivalent of the Kennedy assassination. Yet, historical hindsight shows that none of the details about the Kennedy assassination, published in the world media at the time of his murder, stood the test of time. Assassinations require enormous pre-planning, and, in the case of a high-level political assassination, more effort must go into staging the coverup than into the killing itself.

The other undisputable factor, that must be taken into account in any serious effort to understand the death of Princess Diana, is the escalating struggle between the British Club of the Isles oligarchy and the United States—the strategic backdrop to her death. The only force on the face of this planet that the Club of the Isles fears is the United States; and much of that fear boils down to the fact that the Clinton Presidency, in a moment of crisis, could turn to LaRouche for a new policy direction, one aimed at wrecking the power of the oligarchy once and for all.

No matter how great the temptation, it is premature to pronounce the death of Princess Diana an act of political assassination. Yet, the strategic context in which her tragic death occurred, demands that there be a thorough probe of all of the details of the incident. Anything less than that, would be to spit on Diana's grave.

Correspondence with Princess Diana

by Scott Thompson

Over the span of two years, a private correspondence was carried on between this reporter for *EIR*, with Diana, Princess of Wales. The reason for the discretion was that Princess Diana was under a political, social, and media microscope, and *EIR*'s editors had no desire to create additional problems for her by having it become public that we were sending her some of the exposés that *EIR* was publishing about the British royal family.

The correspondence began when Diana, then Her Royal Highness, Princess of Wales, was the only member of the British royal family who responded favorably to receipt of "The Coming Fall of the House of Windsor," a *Special Report* in the Oct. 28, 1994 issue of *EIR*. The report exposed the genocide being carried out (largely in Africa) under the direction of Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh; it was the first in a series of three *EIR* special reports exposing the "crimes of the century" by the British royal family. It led with an article by *EIR* Founding Editor Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr., that began with the following quote from Prince Philip: "In the event that I am reincarnated, I would like to return as a deadly virus, in order to contribute something to solve overpopulation."

Princess Diana's brief response read:

5th June 1996

Dear Mr. Thompson,

The Princess of Wales has asked me to thank you for your letter and enclosure.

Her Royal Highness appreciates the interest which prompted you to write and has asked me to send you her best wishes.

Yours sincerely, Maureen A. Stevens

When Princess Diana was sent the second part of this series, entitled "The Sun Never Sets on the New British Empire," in the May 24, 1996 issue of *EIR*—which focussed heavily upon the evil power exercised by Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II—the princess did not respond. However, her private secretary told this author that it was most unusual for a royal to respond more than once to a writer. And, the private



From: The Office of Diana, Princess of Wales

6th March, 1997

Dear Mr. Thompson,

The Princess of Wales has asked me to thank you for your letter of 19th February and the most interesting enclosures.

The Princess was touched that you took the trouble to write following her visit to Angola. The Princess of Wales hopes that the world now has a better understanding of the suffering caused by anti-personnel mines and that there will be an opportunity to visit some of the sixty five other countries affected in the same manner.

Your letter meant a great deal to the Princess who has asked me to send you her sincere thanks.

Yours sincerely.

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Mr. Scott McClain Thompson

secretary added that Princess Diana had been aware of the mailing, and it had created quite a stir.

In February 1997, this author sent Princess Diana, who had subsequently divorced His Royal Highness The Prince Charles, Prince of Wales, a series of reports, mostly of *EIR* Founding Editor Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.'s forecasts in *EIR* of a global economic collapse and "hard times" for every human being.

The letter of transmittal for this series of articles on the global crisis of civilization read as follows:

February 19, 1997

The Princess of Wales St. James Palace London SW1A-1BS U.K.

Re: Hard Times in the World

Dear Princess Diana:

Given your concern for the general condition of mankind, I am sending you a series of articles on the

"hard times" facing many in the world's population from the economic studies of *Executive Intelligence Review (EIR)*.

The first item is an essay by former candidate for the Democratic Party Presidential nomination, Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr., entitled, "The 'Globaloney' Is Over," on pp. 4-7 of the February 21 issue of EIR, that discusses the end of President George Bush's and Baroness Margaret Thatcher's "New World Order" in the crash of "hard times." The second of the series of articles in this issue that I would like to draw to your attention, is the Feature, which is entitled "Russia's Liberal Reforms: Anatomy of a Catastrophe." It is based on a Working Paper prepared by Academician Dmitri S. Lvov, Dr. Valeri G. Grebennikov, and Dr. Viktor E. Dementyev, of the Central Economics and Mathematics Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences. The authors show how far Russia has disintegrated under International Monetary Fund-dictated shock therapies.

On the same theme, I am sending you Lyndon LaRouche's "Letter to a Russian Friend," from the November 29, 1996 *EIR*. It is on pp. 10-43.

I must say that I was quite touched by the concern you showed recently for the victims of the Angolan War, as well as the sick and dying, and I am sure that this is a concern that extends throughout the world, where there is impoverishment and injustice.

Respectfully yours, Scott McClain Thompson

Princess Diana, whom staff members insist reads all her mail, had the following response to this series of articles on LaRouche's economic views sent to this author:

Kensington Palace London W8 WPU

From: The Office of Diana, Princess of Wales

6th March, 1997

Dear Mr. Thompson,

The Princess of Wales has asked me to thank you for your letter of 19th February and the most interesting enclosures.

The Princess was touched that you took the trouble to write following her visit to Angola. The Princess of Wales hopes that the world now has a better understanding of the suffering caused by anti-personnel mines and that there will be an opportunity to visit some of the sixty-five other countries affected in the same manner.

Your letter meant a great deal to the Princess who has asked me to send you her sincere thanks.

Yours sincerely,

Mrs. Colin MacMillan