

## Dateline Mexico by Hugo López Ochoa

### Insurrection plotted against Zedillo

*Camacho and the Zapatistas appear to have set August as the target date for a new phase of their war against the nation.*

There is every indication that Manuel Camacho Solís, the agent of mega-speculator George Soros in Mexico, is pulling together what's needed to launch an insurrection against President Ernesto Zedillo by August. The aim would be to provoke chaos and destabilization, to force the acceptance of a government of "transition" that would reduce the power of the Presidency and pave the way for the balkanization of Mexico.

Camacho's political agenda is exactly the same as that of the Zapatista National Liberation Army (EZLN) in Chiapas and of their British intelligence masters. The British Crown's scenario was documented in *EIR's Special Report "Terrorist International at Work: the Chiapas Model"* (March 31, 1995). As shown there, the plotters responsible for the Chiapas insurrection are the same ones behind the assassination of Cardinal Juan Jesús Posadas Ocampo, the former archbishop of Guadalajara, and of Luis Donaldo Colosio and José Ruiz Massieu, the former Presidential candidate and former secretary general of the ruling Revolutionary Institutional Party (PRI), respectively.

Frustrated ever since he lost the PRI's 1994 Presidential nomination to the slain Colosio, Camacho's insurrectionary game-plan includes the following:

- A campaign of rumors that President Zedillo will fall in August. The line is that the PRI will be weakened by the defeat of its gubernatorial candidate in Guanajuato and the poor showing of its candidate in Yucatán.

The PRI is expected to suffer another defeat in the elections for governor of Baja California in August.

- By August, it is also expected that Mexico's financial and economic crisis will reach another inflection point, with foreign debt payments coming due on *Tesobonos* (dollar-denominated Mexican treasury bonds) at the same time that unemployment will reach massive proportions in the urban centers, as food shortages and idleness hit the rural areas because of the drought in the north.

- There is talk that Camacho may be setting up a new political party around his newly created Foundation for Development and Democracy, to which end he is working with the EZLN and its electoral arm, Cuauhtémoc Cárdenas' Democratic Revolutionary Party (PRD). The Mexico City office of Camacho's foundation is headed by Marcelo Ebrard, who served in Camacho's cabinet when the latter was mayor of Mexico City. Ebrard also reportedly coordinated the Second National Democratic Convention held by the EZLN in February 1995, and he deploys the apparatus of Zapatista-linked labor leaders, known as the "new leaders," in Mexico City.

- The EZLN's narco-guerrillas and the PRD plan to hold their Third National Democratic Convention in August in Michoacán, a PRD stronghold.

- Camacho is also planning to take advantage of the EZLN's postponement of negotiations with the government. In fact, Camacho controls the government's negotiating

team through the chief negotiator, his personal friend Marco Antonio Bernal, a former terrorist who was one of the founders of the Maoist grouping Mass Line. Some of the EZLN's top leaders came out of Mass Line. Bernal's stated purpose for his negotiations with the EZLN is "to transform an illegal force into a legal one," according to the May 16 *La Jornada*.

- For purposes of political blackmail, Camacho is also using the Route 100 union, the Mexico City bus company that he controlled during his mayoral term. Around the same time that the EZLN was bringing its so-called peace talks with the government to a standstill, hundreds of the members of the now-defunct Route 100 union (whose main leaders were jailed for fraud) blockaded all traffic for several hours to the Los Pinos Presidential residence, demonstrating that their capacities for carrying out low-intensity warfare operations and urban terrorism are still intact.

- Finally, and perhaps most interesting, is the question: What role does British agent of influence and former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger play in this Camacho deployment to overthrow President Zedillo?

One would have to be privy to the discussions between Kissinger and Camacho when the two met last March in the United States, in order to definitively answer that question. According to a report by Pablo Hiriart published by the daily *El Día*, Camacho told Kissinger: "No doubt about it, I am going to be President of Mexico." Kissinger advises the 26 permanent members of the United Nations Committee on Global Governance, to which Camacho belongs, and he also meets frequently with "my great friend" Carlos Salinas de Gortari, the former President of Mexico and a factional opponent of President Zedillo.