sufficiency in 1975.

The one category that is rising is debt service payments, which now consume close to 25% of export earnings. Despite two debt reschedulings at the Paris Club in 1989 and early 1992, *Africa Recovery* reported, debt service will rise in the next three years. To ensure this, the Biya regime is being forced to carry out continuing "reforms" of the economy that are no more focused on productive job-creation than Biya's own policies. The IMF is demanding further cuts in the civil service, which have already seen a loss of 60,000 jobs, and further slashing of the prices paid to cocoa and coffee farmers.

Trade liberalization, making official the non-tariffed smuggling of goods into Cameroon, is also being demanded, to be compensated for by increased domestic taxation. And lastly, Biya is setting up a free-trade zone for bringing in investors eager to take advantage of Cameroon's cheapening labor.

Formidable opposition

The net result of the combination of IMF policies and Biya's squanderings is the deepening poverty of Cameroon's people. In the last two years, epidemics of cholera and yellow fever have for the first time swept through large areas of northern Cameroon.

The political result is a strong and well-organized opposition led by the Social Democratic Front of John Fru Ndi and Siga Asanga. As SDF Foreign Relations Commission official Henry Njiwah told *EIR*, the SDF was first founded in 1990 as a regional party based in the anglophone western section of Cameroon, but has now expanded its support nationally. Even in Biya's home base of Abilova, SDF rallies recently drew crowds of 100,000.

Biya has responded by attempting to form his own opposition coalition. He also moved up the election date to Oct. 11, a date set previously for only municipal elections, with presidential elections to follow in 1993. According to Njiwah, people are also being discouraged from registering to vote by various bureaucratic ruses. Despite brutal repression, successful strikes and agitations are now giving Biya a run for his money.

On Sept. 18, Reuters reported, Cameroon had suspended its payments to the World Bank and foreign commercial banks, and aid to the country would be blocked accordingly. Planning Minister Roger Tchoungui, who has directed the IMF "reform" program and is the major enforcer for Biya's repressive social policies, blamed political civil disobedience campaigns, but affirmed Biya's commitment to pay debts at all costs as a "point of honor."

It is likely that Biya is diverting the money into a campaign fund for the Oct. 11 elections. Whether he "wins" the elections or not, there is no question that his role in helping to put the nation's resources into the hands of the IMF and its allied banks, has destroyed his credibility.

U.S. Postal Service STATEMENT OF OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT AND CIRCULATION

Required by 39 U.S.C. 3685

- 1. Title of Publication: EIR
- 1A. Publication No.: 02736314
- 2. Date of Filing: September 28, 1992
- Frequency of Issue: Weekly except for the first week of April, and the last week of December
- 3A. No. of Issues Published Annually: 50
- 3B. Annual Subscription Price: \$396
- 4. Complete Mailing Address of Known Office of Publication:
- Complete Mailing Address of the Headquarters or General Business Offices of the Publisher: 333½ Pennsylvania Ave, SE, 2nd Floor, Washington, D.C. 20003
- Full Names and Complete Addresses of Publisher, Editor, and Managing Editor

Publisher: EIR News Service, Inc.; P.O. Box 17390; Washington, D.C. 20041-0390

Editor: Nora Hamerman, P.O. Box 17390, Washington, D.C. 20041-0390

Managing Editor: John Sigerson; P.O. Box 17390, Washington, D.C. 20041-0390

 Owner: New Solidarity International Press Service, c/o EIRNS, P.O. Box 17390, Washington, D.C. 20041-0390

Nora Hamerman, c/o EIRNS, P.O. Box 17390, Washington, D.C. 20041-0390

Nancy Spannaus, c/o EIRNS, P.O. Box 17390, Washington, D.C. 20041-0390

- Known Bondholders, Mortgagees, and Other Security Holders Owning or Holding 1 Percent or More of Total Amount of Bonds, Mortgages or Other Securities: None.
- 9. For Completion by Nonprofit Organizations Authorized to Mail at Special Rates: Not Applicable.
- 10. Extent and Nature of Circulation

		Average No. Copies Each Issue During Preceding 12 Months	Actual No. Copies of Single Issue Published Nearest to Filing Date
A.	Total No. Copies	i	
	Printed	12,077	11,300
В.	Paid Circulation	1	
	 Sales Through 	I	
	Dealers and	4	
	Carriers, Street		
	Vendors and	į	
	Counter Sales	3,561	2,275
	2. Mail Subscriptions	7,032	6,963
C.	Total Paid Circulation	10,593	9,238
D.	Free Distribution by		
	Mail, Carrier or Other	1	
	Means, Samples,	•	
	Complimentary, and	i i	
	Other Free Copies	552	350
E.	Total Distribution	11,145	9,588
F.	Copies Not	,	
	Distributed		
	 Office Use, 	1	
	Left Over,	,	
	Unaccounted,		
	Spoiled After		
	Printing	932	1,712
	2. Return From News		
	Agents	-	_
G.	Total	12,077	11,300

I certify that the statements made by me above are correct and complete.
 NORA HAMERMAN, Editor.