# TRCRPhysical Economy Survey 

## Statistical survey of world land use

by the Editors

We are initiating, with this issue of our magazine, a new feature, EIR's Statistical Survey of Physical Economy. The survey is designed to meet several needs that are encountered among several classes of our readers.

Chief among them is this. The world financial system is truly bankrupt. More than $\$ 22$ trillion of debt and speculation, and another nearly $\$ 6$ trillion in "contingent liabilities" of the U.S. government, have been accumulated on the back
of the dollar credit sector alone. The claims generated by the combination of debt and speculative activity during any one quarter exceed the economy's annual production of new wealth. The debt and speculative claims are unserviceable, fictitious; they are in the process of collapsing under the general deflation triggered last Sept. 15 with the development of the Canadian "developer" Robert Campeau.

So far, the Anglo-American financial establishment con-

FIGURE 1

## Arable land



TABLE 1
Land survey 1985
(thousands of hectares)

|  | Area | Land <br> area | Water <br> surface |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| World | $13,392,215.0$ | $13,077,440.0$ | $314,775.0$ |
| North America | $1,933,926.0$ | $1,834,777.0$ | $99,149.0$ |
| lbero-America | $2,055,218.0$ | $2,020,050.0$ | $35,168.0$ |
| $\quad$ Central America and | $273,367.0$ | $266,596.0$ | $6,771.0$ |
| $\quad$ Caribbean | $1,781,851.0$ | $1,753,454.0$ | $28,397.0$ |
| $\quad$ South America | $487,084.0$ | $472,778.0$ | $14,306.0$ |
| Europe | $385,177.0$ | $373,104.0$ | $12,073.0$ |
| $\quad$ Western Europe | $101,907.0$ | $99,674.0$ | $2,233.0$ |
| $\quad$ Eastern Europe |  |  |  |
| Eastern Europe and | $2,342,127.0$ | $2,326,874.0$ | $15,253.0$ |
| $\quad$ U.S.S.R. | $2,240,220.0$ | $2,227,200.0$ | $13,020.0$ |
| U.S.S.R. | $3,033,103.0$ | $2,966,447.0$ | $66,656.0$ |
| Africa | $2,757,496.0$ | $2,679,071.0$ | $78,425.0$ |
| Asia | $328,759.0$ | $297,319.0$ | $31,440.0$ |
| $\quad$ India | $959,696.0$ | $932,641.0$ | $27,055.0$ |
| $\quad$ China | $850,969.0$ | $842,919.0$ | $8,050.0$ |
| Oceania |  |  |  |

Source: United Nations Food and Agricultural Organization
tinues to insist that its Bush administration can do the job, and keep the collapse in progress "under control." This is no more true now than it was when King Canute ordered the

TABLE 2
Potential cropland
(millions of hectares)

|  | Source |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FAO Agriculture Towards 2000 | Global 2000 Council on Environmental Quality |
| World | 4,139.7 |  |
| North America |  |  |
| Ibero-America Central America and Caribbean South America | $\begin{array}{r} 889.6 \\ 74.5 \\ 815.1 \end{array}$ | 611.5 |
| Europe Western Europe Eastern Europe |  | $\begin{aligned} & 564.6 \\ & 225.1 \\ & 114.4 \end{aligned}$ |
| Eastern Europe and U.S.S.R. U.S.S.R. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 666.9 \\ & 552.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Africa | 840.7 |  |
| Asia (excluding China) India China | $\begin{aligned} & 412.5 \\ & 169.0 \end{aligned}$ | 217.5 |
| Oceania <br> Major Exporters (U.S.A., Canada, South Africa, Argentina, Australia |  | 784.5 |

FIGURE 2

## Pasture land



TABLE 3
Agricultural land
(thousands of hectares)

|  | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| World | $4,173,414.0$ | $4,514,968.0$ | $4,586,527.0$ | $4,622,632.0$ | $4,629,406.0$ | $4,634,838.0$ |
| North America | $491,429.0$ | $493,518.0$ | $498,850.0$ | $496,868.0$ | $497,183.0$ | $504,162.0$ |
| Ibero-America | $622,329.0$ | $653,155.0$ | $671,369.0$ | $695,922.0$ | $717,284.0$ | $728,824.0$ |
| Central America | $12,141.1$ | $131,861.0$ | $126,916.0$ | $128,511.0$ | $130,014.0$ | $131,905.0$ |
| South America | $499,187.9$ | $521,294.0$ | $544,453.0$ | $567,411.0$ | $587,270.0$ | $596,919.0$ |
| Europe | $203,075.0$ | $236,958.0$ | $234,814.0$ | $229,828.0$ | $227,214.0$ | $225,200.0$ |
| $\quad$ Western Europe | $148,517.7$ | $159,949.0$ | $172,818.0$ | $168,370.0$ | $166,086.0$ | $150,219.0$ |
| $\quad$ Eastern Europe | $54,557.0$ | $77,009.0$ | $61,996.0$ | $61,458.0$ | $61,128.0$ | $74,981.0$ |
| Eastern Europe and U.S.S.R. | $646,059.0$ | $679,146.0$ | $668,805.0$ | $665,665.0$ | $666,794.0$ | $680,845.0$ |
| U.S.S.R. | $591,502.1$ | $602,137.0$ | $606,809.0$ | $604,207.0$ | $605,666.0$ | $605,864.0$ |
| Africa | $858,133.7$ | $947,403.0$ | $954,384.0$ | $961,362.0$ | $965,380.0$ | $966,076.0$ |
| Asia | $1,016,693.7$ | $1,101,612.0$ | $1,110,581.0$ | $1,119,003.0$ | $1,104,507.0$ | $1,100,048.0$ |
| India | $174,692.4$ | $177,143.0$ | $178,050.0$ | $180,858.0$ | $181,130.0$ | $180,450.0$ |
| China | $390,130.0$ | $390,130.0$ | $388,195.0$ | $386,317.0$ | $386,097.0$ | $386,580.0$ |
| Oceania | $477,423.1$ | $499,809.0$ | $509,482.0$ | $515,204.0$ | $511,934.0$ | $504,662.0$ |

Source: United Nations Food and Agricultural Organization
waves to stop rolling in toward the shore.
Whether establishment and government are yet prepared to face the matter or not, the question to be faced is, what kind of economics will succeed their doomed usurious system? What kind of actual economic problems will have to be solved, worldwide, after their system of usury destroys itself?

Statistics are, of course, in and of themselves an inferior form. Counting arrays of objects is a very limited form of activity. And, the reliability of the numbers is always open to question. Nevertheless, we are providing form, from the data bases of various international institutions, a selection of data, which will, no doubt, be found to be useful-useful in that such data will help to shift thinking
table 4
Arable land
(thousands of hectares)

|  | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| World | $1,333,035.5$ | $1,351,963.0$ | $1,412,822.0$ | $1,433,917.0$ | $1,461,336.0$ | $1,474,992.0$ |
| North America | $218,843.3$ | $220,386.0$ | $232,400.0$ | $231,578.0$ | $235,794.0$ | $236,462.0$ |
| Ibero-America | $130,436.9$ | $137,219.0$ | $145,537.0$ | $156,762.0$ | $170,875.0$ | $177,056.0$ |
| Central America | $31,379.3$ | $34,034.0$ | $34,513.0$ | $35,483.0$ | $36,31.0$ | $37,549.0$ |
| South America | $99,057.6$ | $103,185.0$ | $111,024.0$ | $121,279.0$ | $134,564.0$ | $139,507.0$ |
| Europe | $134,907.0$ | $133,126.0$ | $146,008.0$ | $142,145.0$ | $140,865.0$ | $140,133.0$ |
| $\quad$ Western Europe | $93,223.1$ | $91,936.0$ | $99,299.0$ | $95,862.0$ | $95,025.0$ | $86,657.0$ |
| Eastern Europe | $41,684.0$ | $41,190.0$ | $46,709.0$ | $46,283.0$ | $45,840.0$ | $53,476.0$ |
| Eastern Europe and U.S.S.R. | $262,943.0$ | $284,855.0$ | $279,518.0$ | $278,490.0$ | $277,806.0$ | $285,740.0$ |
| U.S.S.R. | $221,258.1$ | $229,283.0$ | $232,809.0$ | $232,207.0$ | $231,966.0$ | $232,264.0$ |
| Arica | $168,053.8$ | $161,435.0$ | $169,110.0$ | $175,858.0$ | $180,997.0$ | $184,037.0$ |
| a | $428,080.5$ | $437,263.0$ | $443,474.0$ | $451,435.0$ | $455,036.0$ | $455,629.0$ |
| ndia | $161,080.0$ | $162,379.0$ | $165,060.0$ | $168,010.0$ | $169,130.0$ | $168,550.0$ |
| China | $104,440.0$ | $104,440.0$ | $102,505.0$ | $100,627.0$ | $100,407.0$ | $100,890.0$ |
| Oceania | $29,545.0$ | $39,029.0$ | $43,481.0$ | $43,929.0$ | $45,800.0$ | $49,411.0$ |

[^0]TABLE 5
Pasture and grazing land
(thousands of hectares)

|  | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| World | 2,840,378.5 | 3,163,005.0 | 3,173,705.0 | 3,188,715.0 | 3,168,070.0 | 3,159,846.0 |
| North America | 272,585.7 | 273,132.0 | 266,450.0 | 265,290.0 | 261,389.0 | 267,700.0 |
| Ibero-America | 491,892.0 | 515,936.0 | 525,832.0 | 539,160.0 | 546,409.0 | 551,768.0 |
| Central America | 91,761.7 | 97,827.0 | 92,403.0 | 93,028.0 | 93,703.0 | 94,356.0 |
| South America | 400,130.3 | 418,109.0 | 433,429.0 | 446,132.0 | 452,706.0 | 457,412.0 |
| Europe | 68,167.0 | 80,890.0 | 88,806.0 | 87,683.0 | 86,349.0 | 85,067.0 |
| Western Europe | 55,294.6 | 68,013.0 | 73,519.0 | 72,508.0 | 71,061.0 | 63,562.0 |
| Eastern Europe | 12,872.0 | 12,885.0 | 15,287.0 | 15,175.0 | 15,288.0 | 21,505.0 |
| Eastern Europe and U.S.S.R. | 383,116.0 | 394,291.0 | 389,287.0 | 387,175.0 | 388,988.0 | 395,105.0 |
| U.S.S.R. | 370,244.0 | 372,854.0 | 374,000.0 | 372,000.0 | 373,700.0 | 373,600.0 |
| Africa | 690,079.9 | 785,968.0 | 785,274.0 | 785,504.0 | 784,383.0 | 782,039.0 |
| Asia | 588,613.2 | 664,349.0 | 667,107.0 | 667,568.0 | 649,471.0 | 644,419.0 |
| India | 13,612.4 | 14,764.0 | 12,990.0 | 12,848.0 | 12,000.0 | 11,900.0 |
| China | 285,690.0 | 285,690.0 | 285,690.0 | 285,690.0 | 285,690.0 | 285,690.0 |
| Oceania | 447,878.2 | 460,780.0 | 466,001.0 | 471,275.0 | 466,134.0 | 455,251.0 |

Source: United Nations Food and Agricultural Organization
away from the so-called "economics" of money prices and money costs, the collapsing monetarist economics, toward the considerations of physical economy, land cultivation and use, water management and availability, population and demographics, employment, power availability and use, pro-
duction, and consumption of agricultural and industrial commodities.

The statistical tables provided will be accompanied by illustrative maps and charts. Some readers may find such useful, for example as the series proceeds, for the preparation

## FIGURE 3

## Forested land

Source: World Resources Institute, World Resources 1986


TABLE 6
Forests
(thousands of hectares)

|  | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| World | $4,273,111.7$ | $3,967,606.0$ | $4,214,627.0$ | $4,173,760.0$ | $4,097,839.0$ | $4,363,578.0$ |
| North America | $578,363.0$ | $615,935.0$ | $615,900.0$ | $616,771.0$ | $610,593.0$ | $519,317.0$ |
| Ibero-America | $964,841.7$ | $940,899.0$ | $1,062,454.0$ | $1,040,621.0$ | $1,013,472.0$ | $991,491.0$ |
| Central America | $139,405.8$ | $85,525.0$ | $81,266.0$ | $77,134.0$ | $72,596.0$ | $68,757.0$ |
| $\quad$ South America | $825,435.9$ | $855,374.0$ | $981,188.0$ | $963,487.0$ | $940,876.0$ | $922,734.0$ |
| Europe | $144,351.0$ | $144,236.0$ | $150,137.0$ | $153,494.0$ | $155,106.0$ | $155,260.0$ |
| $\quad$ Western Europe | $104,363.0$ | $103,844.0$ | $121,451.0$ | $124,528.0$ | $125,855.0$ | $116,703.0$ |
| $\quad$ Eastern Europe | $39,988.0$ | $40,392.0$ | $28,686.0$ | $28,966.0$ | $29,251.0$ | $38,557.0$ |
| Eastern Europe and U.S.S.R. | $868,717.0$ | $897,403.0$ | $948,686.0$ | $948,966.0$ | $949,251.0$ | $967,557.0$ |
| U.S.S.R. | $828,729.6$ | $857,011.0$ | $920,000.0$ | $920,000.0$ | $920,000.0$ | $929,000.0$ |
| Africa | $787,593.6$ | $640,320.0$ | $729,084.0$ | $711,984.0$ | $696,880.0$ | $695,388.0$ |
| Asia | $548,356.1$ | $553,895.0$ | $554,682.0$ | $548,755.0$ | $551,550.0$ | $528,416.0$ |
| India | $56,440.0$ | $60,819.0$ | $66,040.0$ | $65,617.0$ | $67,480.0$ | $67,327.0$ |
| China | $107,884.0$ | $107,884.0$ | $111,524.0$ | $115,124.0$ | $121,465.0$ | $134,532.0$ |
| Oceania | $121,854.3$ | $188,629.0$ | $182,358.0$ | $182,123.0$ | $150,226.0$ | $157,694.0$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: United Nations Food and Agricultural Organization
of class or lecture material. Others may, in different circumstances, be more interested in what can be assessed from such data as to investment and other opportunities that ought to be coming up, in light of what can be assessed about the world's requirements. The data tables are available to
subscribers, for a small charge, on computer diskette. This way owners of personal computers can build up their own data files, and use software, such as the Lotus 1-2-3 ${ }^{\circledR}$ spreadsheet package, to do their own manipulations of the numbers, as the series proceeds. Readers who are interested in such a

FIGURE 4
Dry land

Source: World Resources Institute, World Resources 1988-89


FIGURE 5

## Annual worldwide precipitation

Precipitation (inches)

| $\square$ | Under 10 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ | 10 to 20 |
| $\square$ | 20 to 40 |
| $\square$ | 40 to 80 |
| 뾰 | 80 to 100 |
| $\square$ | Over 100 |

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, 1969
service should address their inquiries to the Special Services director Richard Freeman.

This first part of the series presents data on land usage. The data is organized by world, and by major continental
grouping: North America, which includes the U.S. and Canada; Ibero-America, including also the islands of the Caribbean; Europe, including Western Europe, as well as the newly liberated former satellites of Russia; the U.S.S.R.; Africa;

FIGURE 6
Major rivers and drainage basins
 Drainage basin boundary
River

Source: World Resources Institute, World Resources 1988-89


TABLE 7

## Precipitation, evaporation, and runoff

|  | Precipitation | Runoff | Evaporation |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| North America* $^{*}$ | 11,093 | 4,917 | 6,236 |
| lbero-America $^{*}$ | 32,172 | 11,423 | 20,689 |
| $\quad$ Central America and |  |  |  |
| Caribbean | 2,817 | 1,043 | 1,714 |
| $\quad$ South America | 2,355 | 10,380 | 18,975 |
| Western Europe | 920 | 1,531 | 1,209 |
| Eastern Europe Only | 15,122 | 4,629 | 10,493 |
| Eastern Europe and U.S.S.R.* | 20,780 | 4,225 | 16,555 |
| Africa* |  |  |  |
| Asia (including Turkey, | 20,996 | 8,982 | 12,014 |
| $\quad$ Cyprus) | 3,862 | 1,673 | 2,189 |
| India | 6,238 | 2,687 | 3,551 |
| $\quad$ China | 6,405 | 1,965 | 4,440 |
| Oceania* | 110,303 | 38,830 | 71,475 |
| World | 109,308 | 37,672 | 71,636 |
| Total from above | -995 | $-1,158$ | 161 |
| Difference | $-0.90 \%$ | $-2.98 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ |
| Error |  |  |  |
| * Items Included in total |  |  |  |
| Difference = Calculated total - World |  |  |  |

Source: Frits van der Ledeen, Water Resources of the World

Asia; and Oceania, including Pacific islands and territories. Subcontinental-level regional groupings are included. The data are tabulated in five yearly intervals from 1960 to 1985.

TABLE 8
Estimated world water supply and budget

| Water item | 000 km $^{3}$ volume | \% of water total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Water in land areas: |  |  |
| Fresh water lakes | 125.00 | 0.0090\% |
| Saline lakes and inland seas | 104.00 | 0.0080\% |
| Rivers (average instantaneous volume) | 1.25 | 0.0001\% |
| Soil and vadose water | 67.00 | 0.0050\% |
| Ground water to depth of $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ (about 13,100 ft.) <br> Icecaps and glaciers | $\begin{array}{r} 8,350.00 \\ 29,200.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6100 \% \\ & 2.1400 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Total in land area (rounded) | 37,800.00 | 2.8000\% |
| Atmosphere | 13.00 | 0.0010\% |
| World ocean | 1,320,000.00 | 97.3000\% |
| Total, all items (rounded) | 1,360,000.00 | 100\% |
| Annual evaporation: |  |  |
| From world ocean | 350.00 | 0.0250\% |
| from land areas | 70.00 | 0.0050\% |
| Total Annual precipitation ${ }^{1}$ : | 420.00 | 0.0310\% |
| On world ocean | 320.00 | 0.0240\% |
| On land areas | 100.00 | 0.0070\% |
| Total | 420.00 | 0.0310\% |
| Annual runoff to oceans from rivers and icecaps$38.00 \quad 0.0030 \%$ |  |  |
| Groundwater outflow to oceans ${ }^{2}$ | 1.60 | 0.0001\% |
| Total | 39.60 | 0.0031\% |
| Notes: <br> 1. Evaporation $\left(420,000 \mathrm{~km}^{3}\right)$ is a measure of total water participating annually in the hydrologic cycle. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

TABLE 9

## Worldwide stable runoff, by continent

|  | Stable runoff ( $\left.\mathbf{k m}^{\mathbf{3}}\right)^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Of underground origin | Regulated by lakes | Regulated by water reservoirs | Total | Total river runoff ${ }^{2}$ | Total stable runoff as \% of total runoff |
| Europe | 1,065 | 60 | 200 | 1,325 | 3,110 | 43 |
| Asia | 3,410 | 35 | 560 | 4,005 | 13,190 | 30 |
| Africa | 1,465 | 40 | 400 | 1,905 | 4,225 | 45 |
| North America | 1,740 | 150 | 490 | 2,380 | 5,960 | 40 |
| South America | 3,740 |  | 160 | 3,900 | 10,380 | 38 |
| Australia ${ }^{3}$ | 465 |  | 30 | 495 | 1,965 | 25 |
| Total ${ }^{4}$ | 11,885 | 285 | 1,840 | 14,010 | 38,830 | 36 |
| Notes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Excluding flood flows. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Including flood flows. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Including Tasmania, New Guinea, and New Zealand. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Except polar z |  |  |  |  |  |  |


[^0]:    Source: United Nations Food and Agricultural Organization

