

ing the 1973 Arab-Israeli war.

Penetrating the U.S. space program

In February 1983, former Mossad and military intelligence chief Meir Amit announced the formation of a private consortium allegedly designed to put Israel in space. Simultaneous with the Amit pronouncement, Minister of Science and Development Yuval Ne'eman, announced the creation of a 20-man Israeli Space Agency, prominently including Amit, as well as Israeli veterans of the U.S. NASA program.

During the same period that the space agency was formed, Ne'eman assisted in the creation of a related military program, Israel's International Fusion Industries. IFI is a partnership of the prominent Israeli gunrunners Yakov Nimrodi, Shaul Eisenberg, and Adolph Schwimmer, together with *Penthouse* publisher, Bob Guccione.

All of the above individuals, with the possible exception of Guccione, were leading figures in the covert U.S.-Israeli arms sales to Iran and the Contras, and also key in the Pollard scientific espionage network.

Israel's space and nuclear programs were subordinate features of a then-active megalomaniacal project to develop the Lavi jet, an Israeli version of the U.S. F-16, and make Israel a nuclear-equipped replacement for NATO. U.S. capabilities obtained for developing the Lavi, for example, stealth technology, were also promptly sold to Soviet intelligence services.

One Israeli intelligence operative sent to the United States to work on the Lavi project was Yossef Bodansky, currently a partner with *Washington Times* editor Arnaud de Borchgrave in Mid-Atlantic Research. Bodansky had worked with the Mossad-tied Stephen Bryen and Richard Perle at the U.S. Defense Department. According to Israeli intelligence sources, Bodansky was also a LEKEM handler of Jonathan Pollard.

International Fusion Industries' only announced project was that run by the International Nuclear Energy and Science Company (INESCO) of La Jolla, California. INESCO was run by Dr. Rami Shani, an Israeli scientist who had somehow managed to direct the U.S. Naval Laboratory plasma physics

Albert Wohlstetter: a Trotskyite mole

As co-chairman with the Pentagon's Fred Iklé of the Commission for an Integrated Long-Term Strategy, Albert Wohlstetter wrote the report, *Discriminate Deterrence*, which called for the strategic decoupling of the United States from its NATO allies. It would be suicidal, Wohlstetter and Iklé argued in press conferences after the report's release, for the United States to continue to maintain a nuclear umbrella over Western Europe, as it has done since the 1950s. Instead of nuclear deterrence, Wohlstetter and Iklé argued for a conventional build-up in Western Europe adequate to "deter" Warsaw Pact forces.

The Iklé-Wohlstetter report similarly envisioned a U.S. retreat from other areas of strategic commitment in the face of four to five newly emerging power blocs that would challenge American strategic hegemony.

When the Iklé-Wohlstetter *Discriminate Deterrence* report was first published, *EIR* argued that it was the military equivalent of the "New Yalta" deal with which the Soviets have been attempting to lure the West ever since it was first publicly proposed by Soviet Secretary General Yuri Andropov in 1982. Fortunately, the Iklé-Wohlstetter report's conclusions—especially that of lifting the nuclear umbrella from our NATO allies—were not adopted in the President's follow-on report on the

strategic posture of the United States.

Now, however, Pentagon sources report that there is something that would help to explain the treasonous character of the Iklé-Wohlstetter faction's operations in the Reagan administration—namely, that Albert Wohlstetter is under investigation as being the godfather of the "Mr. X" committee behind Soviet false flag agent Jonathan Pollard. According to these Pentagon sources, Albert Wohlstetter is the subject of an ongoing investigation to uncover the network of "moles" that comprise the Pollard "Mr. X" committee. If such an investigation is under way, it is awfully late for the case of Albert Wohlstetter, who in 1985 was appointed with Henry Kissinger to the newly reorganized President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board (PFIAB), which advises the President on how to maintain the quality of U.S. foreign intelligence. That appointment required full clearance from the FBI.

How Wohlstetter got FBI clearance, given his background, is another matter worthy of investigation.

A Trotskyite

An ongoing investigation by *EIR* has uncovered the fact that while he was a student at City College of New York and Columbia University in the 1930s, Albert Wohlstetter was a member of a Trotskyite splinter group known as the League for a Revolutionary Workers Party (LRWP). The head of this sect was Max Gould (a.k.a. B.J. Fields), who had been personally trained by Soviet/Trust agent Leon Trotsky to be a leader of the Communist League of America, before Fields founded the LRWP. Fields was a Soviet agent-of-influence, and the LRWP

section in the 1970s. Shani is a subordinate of Ne'eman.

Simultaneous with the creation of the Israeli Space Agency and IFI, four classmates of Pollard at Tufts' Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy formed the Center for Space Policy (CSP). Pollard had been recruited to the Mossad by Tufts' Prof. Uri Ra'anani (a.k.a. Heinz Felix Frischwasser), a talent spotter for both the Mossad and CIA. As Pollard's subsequent history demonstrates, however, there is reason to believe that Ra'anani is a Soviet intelligence asset.

The CSP advises U.S. industry on business opportunities in space. It underwent explosive growth after President Reagan proclaimed his absurd "privatization" scheme for NASA. In 1986, a CSP subsidiary, Spacehab, secured a memorandum of understanding to exclusively construct a "pressurized mid-deck augmentation module," for the Shuttle. Prospective clients include NASA, the Department of Defense, and companies developing space products. It plans on assisting experimentation on the SDI.

CSP works closely with the New England-Israel Chamber of Commerce, BIRD's primary representative office in

the United States. In 1985, another close associate of the chamber, Boston LEKEM chief Giora Tzur, fled the United States after his connection to smuggling nuclear bomb timing devices, known as krytron, to Israel was demonstrated.

During the Johnson administration, this same spy network was responsible for transporting to Israel several hundred pounds of bomb-grade uranium, which had been "lost" by Pittsburgh scientist Zalman Shapiro, currently at Westinghouse. The uranium was smuggled to Israel by LEKEM head Rafi Eytan.

Tzur's associate in the krytron smuggling, Richard K. Smyth, also disappeared after being indicted for arms trafficking. At the time, Smyth was on the scientific advisory board of the U.S. Air Force, and had been active in designing the MX missile.

The Neshet recruitment ring

An informal breakfast club for Jewish conservative members of the Reagan administration formed in 1984, Neshet remains in place despite the Pollard bust. While not appar-

was a Soviet front, which formed part of the Left Opposition to Stalin's moves against the Trotsky-Bukharin factions of the Anglo-Soviet Trust in the Soviet Union.

In addition to his membership in the LRWP, Wohlstetter was trained in special classes at New York University given by Sidney Hook, who admits befriending a Soviet espionage network when he was a student associated with the Frankfurt School's Karl Korsch in Germany in the late 1920s. Hook also acknowledges that he was enough of a sympathizer of the Soviet Union for Earl Browder, then head of the Communist Party U.S.A., to propose that Hook establish a Soviet espionage network in the United States. This had occurred before Hook met Albert Wohlstetter, who has remained to this day his friend and correspondent.

It was the Rand Corporation that provided Wohlstetter with the means to cover-up his Marxist background. After brief stints in government during World War II, Wohlstetter ended up without a job in southern California, where former New York classmates got him introduced into the Rand Corporation. At Rand, Albert Wohlstetter and his wife Roberta did studies on warfare by surprise attack, how such a surprise attack would render existing nuclear forces vulnerable, and how to maintain deterrence through a survivable nuclear force. These studies were applied to the Strategic Air Command, which previously had relied upon early warning and a war-winning strategy as the essence of deterrence.

Godfather of the "Mr. X" committee

Several of Wohlstetter's former colleagues at Rand

and his students at the University of Chicago (where Wohlstetter went next) are now being investigated by *EIR* as likely members of the "Mr. X" Committee. Perhaps the most important of these is Richard Perle, who is widely known in Washington, D.C. as a career agent of the same Israeli channels that were behind Pollard.

Perle was a teenager when he first met Albert Wohlstetter in California, through a meeting arranged around the Wohlstetter family pool by Wohlstetter's daughter, Joan. Albert Wohlstetter was then involved in his nuclear strategy work at the Rand Corporation, but he developed a lifelong friendship with Perle after first interesting him in strategic studies. Perle described himself at the time of his meeting with Wohlstetter as a "Socialist."

In an article on Richard Perle appearing in the Nov. 24, 1987 issue of the *Washington Post*, this relationship is described as follows: "Wohlstetter's ideas became Perle's ideas; his network Perle's; and, as Perle traveled through the bureaucratic catacombs of Washington, his first mentor remained on call as his intellectual Virgil—always 'enormously helpful,' says Perle. He himself was never an original strategist. His views were mostly elaborations of Wohlstetter's."

According to this *Post* article, it was Albert Wohlstetter who arranged to plant Richard Perle in the Washington, D.C. mainstream, when he had Perle appointed chief researcher for the Committee to Maintain a Prudent Defense Policy (CMPDP), which Wohlstetter had co-founded with Paul Nitze. Wohlstetter introduced Perle to Nitze, and, according to the *Post*, "The torch of Perle's mentorhood had been passed." —*Scott Thompson*