Kissinger's boys in the administration

by Robert Zubrin and Kathleen Klenetsky

British agent Henry Kissinger is still exerting substantial control over U.S. foreign policy through a network of protégés, who served under him at the National Security Council (NSC) or in the State Department, and who now occupy key positions in the Reagan administration. The following is a partial list of Kissinger's forces.

- Alexander Haig, Secretary of State, was Kissinger's top aide in the Nixon NSC from 1969 to 1973. During that time he helped Kissinger wreck the Rogers Plan to bring permanent peace to the Middle East and assisted Kissinger in Middle East War, which kicked off the first oil hoax. In 1974, Haig, as White House Chief of Staff, was Kissinger's key ally in orchestrating the White House coup which forced Nixon out of office.
- Walter Stoessel, Deputy Secretary of State received special training in 1959 at Kissinger's Harvard Center for International Affairs. In 1969, as U.S. Ambassador to Poland, Stoessel played the point man in opening up Kissinger's "China Card" strategy by establishing the first U.S. diplomatic liaison with Peking. From 1972 to 1974, Stoessel served at the State Department as Assistant Secretary of State for European Affairs.
- Richard Kennedy, Undersecretary of State for Management, was Deputy Assistant to Kissinger for NSC planning from 1969 to 1975.
- Robert Hormats, Assistant Secretary of State for Economic Affairs, was a senior aide for international economic affairs to Kissinger on the NSC from 1975 to 1977. He was Kissinger's key operative in preventing the adoption at the 1975 Rambouillet summit of Western nations of a Japanese proposal to set up an international trade financing facility to promote exports and global economic development.
- Lawrence Eagleburger, Undersecretary of State for Policy, was Executive Assistant to Henry Kissinger from 1973-75. Eagleberger owes his entire career to the joint influence Kissinger and Averell Harriman.
- Thomas Enders, Undersecretary of State for Inter-American Affairs, was Kissinger's and Haig's point man

setting up the Khmer Rouge takeover and the subsequent genocide in Cambodia as U.S. Chargé d'Affaires in Phnom Penh from 1971-74. Enders was promoted to be Kissinger's Assistant Secretary for Economic Affairs in 1974, a post which he used to force drastic oil conservation and zero economic growth on the West. Enders has played a major role in setting up the current Falklands/Malvinas war by luring the Argentines into action with promises of U.S. support should they seize the islands. He is also playing a key role in coordinating the depopulation of El Salvador through covert support of both the right-wing Death Squads and the left-wing insurgents in that country.

- Stephen Bosworth, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Inter-American Affairs, was also an aide to Kissinger in the State Department during the Nixon years.
- Nicholas Veliotes, Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs, was Kissinger's Special Assistant to the Deputy Secretary for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs from 1971 to 1973.
- John Holdridge, Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs, was Kissinger's NSC aide for East Asian Affairs from 1968 to 1973, and was Kissinger's Deputy Chief of Mission in Peking from 1973-75. He is known to be totally committed to the Kissinger "China Card" policy.
- Chester Crocker, Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs, was a staff officer for Kissinger on the NSC from 1970-72, and from 1973-80 was the director of African studies at the Georgetown Center for Strategic and International Studies, where Kissinger resided from 1977-80.
- Paul Wolfowitz, Director of Policy Planning, was Deputy Assistant Director of the Kissinger Arms Control and Disarmament Agency from 1974-77, a post from which he helped Fred Iklé negotiate the anti-technology SALT treaty. He is an unspoken opponent of civil nuclear power and other technological development for the Third World.
- Lt. Col Robert McFarlane, initially counselor to the Haig State Department, is now Deputy Director of the National Security Council under William Clark. After 10 years of active Marine Corps service, McFarlane was pulled into the Kissinger National Security Council in 1969, and from 1973 to 1975 served as Special Assistant to Henry Kissinger.
- Frank Carlucci, Deputy Secretary of Defense, was Kissinger's representative as U.S. Ambassador to Portugal from 1975 to 1977, at a time when NATO made repeated attempts to organize a military coup counterrevolution in that country.
- Fred Iklé, Undersecretary of Defense for Policy, was Kissinger's Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency from 1973-77, from which post he negotiated the anti-technology SALT treaty. Iklé is committed

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to the Kissinger doctrine of preventing the spread of technology, in particular nuclear power technology, to the Third World. He is a member of the board of the New York Council on Foreign Relations and the Londonbased Institute for International and Strategic Studies.

- John Lehman, Secretary of the Navy, was Special Counsel and senior staff member to Kissinger on the NSC from 1969-74, and Deputy Director of the Kissinger-Iklé Arms Control and Disarmament Agency from 1974 to 1977. Trained at British intelligence's Cambridge University, Lehman is known to be extremely close to Kissinger and Haig. Lehman's book, *The Executive, Congress, and Foreign Policy* is entirely devoted to praising the role of Henry Kissinger in the Watergate affair.
- Marc Leland, Assistant Secretary of Treasury for International Affairs was a senior staffer in the Kissinger-Iklé Arms Control and Disarmament Agency from 1976-77. Educated at Harvard and Oxford, and married to a Rothschild, Leland is known the share fully Kissinger's British empire geopolitical philosophy.
- Lionel Olmer, Undersecretary of Commerce for International Trade, as chief of U.S. Naval intelligence received special training in geopolitics from Kissinger and Kissinger's mentor William Yandell Elliot. From 1973 to 1977 he worked closely under Kissinger as a member of the Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board.
- Ray Waldman, Assistant Secretary of Commerce for International Economic Policy, was Kissinger's Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Transportation and Telecommunications from 1973-75. Waldman was instrumental in developing Kissinger's international telecommunications policy, and assisted Kissinger in reorganizing U.S. intelligence services in the aftermath of Watergate.
- William Casey, CIA Director was Undersecretary for Economic Affairs in the Kissinger State Department in 1973, and served under Kissinger on the Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board from 1974 to 1976. Casey's connections to British intelligence far predate his association with Kissinger, however. Casey has been closely associated with British intelligence networks since 1937. Throughout his career, Casey has worked closely with such top British spooks as William Stephenson and David K. Bruce.
- Henry Nau, member National Security Council, was Special Assistant to the Undersecretary for Economic Affairs in the Kissinger State Department from 1975 to 1977. While at that post, he wrote a study for Kissinger titled "Technology Transfer and U.S. Foreign Policy" which opposed a leading role for the United States in transferring technology to the Third World. Today Nau is a key National Security Council supporter of the Federal Reserve Chief Paul Volcker's high-interest-rate policy.

Henry's not out of power

The following are Henry Kissinger's current affiliations:

- Counselor, Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) at Georgetown University. A leading think tank and subversion center for the Jesuit wing of British intelligence, CSIS was founded by Edmund Walsh S.J., an avid student of Halford Mackinder and Nazi theoretician Karl Haushofer, who made his life's work the insinuation of British/Nazi geopolitical thought into the American foreign policy establishment.
- Professor of Diplomacy, School of Foreign Service, Georgetown University. The School of Foreign Service is the lower-level operational end of the Jesuit CSIS complex, which uses it as a factory for churning out foreign service officers to stuff the U.S. diplomatic corps and State Department with reliable British agents.
- Senior Fellow, Aspen Institute. The Aspen Institute is the top think tank pushing for a zero-growth world federalist dictatorship. It is headed by Club of Rome members Robert O. Anderson and Harlan Cleveland.
- Member, former Chairman, New York Council on Foreign Relations. The CFR was set up in 1919 as the New York branch of the British Round Table. It is the channel for the British oligarchy's control over U.S. foreign policy.
- Member, formerly Chairman, Trilateral Commission. The Trilateral Commission was set up in 1973 by Kissinger and David Rockefeller to group the anglophile elites of North America, Western Europe, and Japan into a single organization on behalf of London.
- Director, Foreign Policy Association. Founded at the same time as the CFR, the FPA functions as a unifying organization for the bringing together the various anglophile World Affairs Councils and CFRs from such cities as Boston, Philadelphia, Houston, and Los Angeles into a single policy disseminating group.
- Trustee, Rockefeller Brothers Fund. Headed by the Rockefeller family, the RBF is one of the leading funders of environmentalists in the United States, including the Sierra Club, the Friends of the Earth, the Lindesfarne and Foxfire witchcraft associations, the Population Council, and Zero Population Growth. It was RBF director Gerald Barney who wrote the Carter administration's Global 2000 Report.
- Counselor and member, International Advisory Committee, Chase Manhattan Bank. Chase Manhattan is controlled by the Rockefeller family; it is the third-largest bank in the United States.
 - Trustee, Metropolitan Museum of Art.
- \bullet International advisory board of the NBC television network.
 - Advisor to Goldman, Sachs investment firm.

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