through the Justice Department and the FBI, has been coordinated by arms of British intelligence through these elements.

The most conspicuous adjunct to these dirty operations, run through the "Kennedy machine" elements within the federal government, is the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, especially the so-called Fact Finding Division of the ADL. This is the channel through which B'nai B'rith leadership conduits manufactured libels and slanders against opponents of the New York Council on Foreign Relations. The highest levels of command of the ADL and associated organizations have been documented as wittingly complicit in orchestrating libels, slanders and dirty tricks against the U.S. Labor Party, up to and including assassination threats against presidential candidate LaRouche.

The "Kennedy" strike force elements now situated within the U.S. Department of Justice have a close connection to the ADL's dirty tricks division. Under Kefauver, McClellan, the Kennedy and Johnson administrations, and also under the Nixon administration, strike forces worked to the effect of strengthening the position of dope-running elements of organized crime historically associated with the names of Meyer Lansky, Max Fisher, Max Jacobs, and the Bronfmans.

This should not surprise any informed law enforcement official. A key figure in setting up the FBI's Division 5 was the same William Stephenson aide, Major Louis Mortimer Bloomfield, who heads up the dirtiest side of Bronfman operations. Bloomfield headed Permindex, the organization Attorney Jim Garrison has implicated in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. It was also involved in over 30 attempted assassinations of France's President Charles de Gaulle. It is now based in the Republic of South Africa.

These anti-Labor Party deployments in the United States can be traced a step higher to circles associated with the Episcopalian Cathedral of St. John the Divine in New York City, to such figures as British intelligence's Fitzroy MacLean, Robert Moss and the Mountbatten apparatus generally.

The so-called Zionist political intelligence agencies, like the government of Israel itself, are and always have been subordinate creatures of the British oligarchy's SIS.

The New York Times, the Washington Post, the New York Post, New York Magazine, the Los Angeles Times, the Chicago Sun-Times are shamelessly mere extensions of the same British intelligence coordinated nest of treasonous heirs of Aaron Burr, Andrew Jackson, August Belmont and the so-called Bilderberg cabal of today.

Some background

The operations tying Carter and Kennedy to a "super-Watergate" is traced back, with aid of Freedom of

The meeting

n July 23, two investigators from the U.S. Labor Party met with New York Times reporters Paul Montgomery and Howard Blum to determine the nature of a planned slander article on the U.S. Labor Party to be published on the front page of that daily. What transpired at that meeting and immediately afterwards is the subject of two sworn depositions which we excerpt below.

First affidavit

On July 23, 1979, [we] met with New York Times reporters Howard Blum and Paul Montgomery at Charley O's restaurant at 33 West 48th Street in New York City.

This meeting was set up upon receipt of information by me that the New York Times, through reporters Blum and Montgomery, was collaborating with former members of the U.S. Labor Party for the purpose of defaming the U.S. Labor Party. Both reporters have been significantly involved in the past in spreading both defamatary and black propaganda falsehoods against the U.S. Labor Party....

With this background in mind, [we] decided to pose as U.S. Labar Party "dissidents"... to determine which of many fabrications... the two reporters were seeking to embellish, what facts, if any, they would be using to this end and the purpose... in publishing another defamation of the U.S. Labar Party at this time, including the sponsors of the project inside and outside the United States government....

Blum and Montgomery confirmed that they were working on a story for the New York Times intended to injure the U.S. Labor Party and its members and that they had spoken to former U.S. Labor Party members....

I told him that to tell him what I knew would not only require complete anonymity, but a promise of protection from the United States government, either through the executive or congressional branches.

Blum said that he wanted to ask some questions concerning the proposed article before going any further. He stated that the article was intended to start a government investigation of the organization and what he needed in order to do that was an "eye-

with the Times

catcher." He states, "look, if I could write this article with one substantiated fact, for instance the CIA connection, then the rest of the article does not have to be true ... this is front page material. ... If we can establish these and other connections and at the same time point out how crazy and dangerous this group really is, then the government will take notice ... a government investigation is what you and I want, isn't it?"...

I then insisted again that I would have to have some sort of direct governmental protection to tell my story....

Blum stressed that Congressowoman Elizabeth Holtzman was the person he could contact for protection of me. They also said that protection could be arranged through Sidney Schamberg, the Metropolitan editor of the Times who, they said, had numerous government contacts....

Second affidavit

On July 18, 1979 ... I contacted Paul Montgomery of the New York Times...

I told him that I wanted to provide information on the U.S. Labor Party at this time...

Montgomery then gave me a telephone number for Howard Blum who I called an July 20th. I proposed a meeting to Blum and Blum set it up for July 23rd...

During the evening of July 23rd I was contacted by telephone at my home by Paul Montgomery in an effort to resolve the question of "protection". . . . He again reiterated that the best way to get an investigation going was to help the New York Times with a story. Following publication of the story Montgomery implied that "Congress" would be very interested in the U.S. Labor Party. "If I were a Congressman, I would be interested," Montgomery said....

Montgomery insisted throughout the conversation that he would contact prosecutors and other law enforcement personnel in the course of writing the stary but that the best source of protection ... and the purpose of the story itself was to get an investigation going through the publication of the New York Times article.

Information Act and other legally deposed discoveries, to the FBI's deployment in support of the future Weathermen terrorist organization. The kernel which initiated the U.S. Labor Party came close to upsetting the 1968 Columbia University gameplan of the Institute for Policy Studies and McGeorge Bundy. This group did succeed a few months later in frustrating the Bundy-IPS scheme for turning the New York City teachers' strike into an anti-Semitic race riot.

The next phase of FBI-related dirty tricks occurred during 1973 with the deployment of the Communist Party U.S.A. and the "radical left." At the same time, British intelligence was caught in the drugging of two leading Labor Party members—an operation run in conjunction with IPS and networks featuring British intelligence agent Margaret Mead. One option of this chaos and confusion operation was the projected assassination of Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.

It is during this period that New York Times reporters Blum and Montgomery first showed their skills, fabricating two successive slander articles against LaRouche and his party.

Since spring-summer of 1975, the operations against the U.S. Labor Party have featured several personal deployments by Henry Kissinger and an escalation of harassment from the highest levels of political and financial circles inside the U.S. and abroad: the U.S. State Department, Naval intelligence, Air Force intelligence, and the Department of Justice.

The evidence centered around the admissions of the Times's Howard Blum and Paul Montgomery has provided the final piece of the evidentiary jigsaw puzzle needed to demand a Watergate of both the Carter administration and the Kennedy machine.

One final note: backers of a Haig presidency should not sit back and gloat that a "super-Watergate" will eliminate his Democratic opposition. According to intelligence sources, it was Haig's own NATO office in Brussels which was used by U.S. ADL representatives as a conduit for deploying covert operations against LaRouche—through European NATO intelligence channels. Top Western European intelligence agencies are looking askance at the staged public relations terrorist stunt on the Brussels bridge.

Haig, an associate of the inner circles of British intelligence, falls more or less exactly into the same category of U.S. military officer as Benedict Arnold, and as a political candidate in the same category as traitor Aaron Burr. It wouldn't take much to bring him down along with Carter and Kennedy—once a significant number of voters come to realize what these various scoundrels are in fact: the controlled choices of the British-born New York Council on Foreign Relations.

—J. Steinberg and K. Stevens