cannot be a double standard with regard to a given State. There is one standard international law and it is set out in documents and decisions of the United Nations. Sooner or later, this will be understood by those who planned the Israeli action against Uganda. I would be better if it were sooner rather than later.

## MR. KIKHIA, REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LIBYAN ARAB REPUBLIC TO THE UN ADDRESS TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL July 12, 1976

I have listened, as have all the members of the Council, with great interest and attention to the statement of Governor Scranton, which in the view of my delegation, contains very serious and important elements and we cannot take it lightly.

What Ambassador Scranton said merits deep study by us, not only because of the importance of the subject that we are discussing, but also because it comes from the representative of one of the super-powers. The statement of the representative of the United States of America contains some serious threats and pseudo-legal arguments in support of the Israeli aggression.

I said that it is very important to study these declarations because they come from a super-power, from a country which has a long and sinister record of aggression against sovereign, independent States — I may mention the Dominican Republic, Cuba, and many others — from a State whose organizations and secret services are very active in many regions of the world, and — if we believe the American mass media themselves — even penetrate the so-called terrorist groups.

## CHAIM HERZOG, PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF ISRAEL TO THE UN ADDRESS TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL, July 13, 1976

I listened carefully to the long-drawn-out point of order made yesterday by the representative of Libya, and I must admit that I quite appreciate his concern — which he expressed again today. Who but the representative of Libya, a country which has been the paymaster and haven of international terrorism, would want to avoid a discussion in this Council on this evil: international terrorism? Libya's role in supporting international terrorism financially, militarily and politically and its involvement in attempts at the assassination of foreign leaders, including Arab heads of state, is known to all of us, and I need not repeat it here.

## MR. KIKHIA, REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LIBYAN ARAB REPUBLIC TO THE UN ADDRESS TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL, July 13, 1976

As I said before, I will answer the fabrications, allegations and distortions of the representative of the Zionist entity later on. But now he obliges me to speak again just to say that Mr. Herzog can have Libyan friends. No problem. As an Irishman and as a Jew. We have nothing against the Irish and we have nothing against the Jew. We are fighting the aggressor Zionists and the terrorists.

Also, I want to point to another aspect of Mr. Herzog's statement. He is repeating again and again, that Libya is the paymaster of international terrorism and that Libya is promoting international terrorism. I do not know what is behind that. This whole question of international terrorism poses a big question mark: Who is perpetrating international terrorism? What is international terrorism? Who is responsible for international terrorism? There may be many groups known as international terrorists, and who have their national background or ideological background. But, many groups are penetrated. Maybe one day we shall know the truth.

Mr. Herzog was the head of the secret service in his country, in

his counterfeit State, Israel. Maybe one day he will write his memoirs, when he has retired to his green Ireland. At that time he will not be bound by the laws of secrecy of this counterfeit State, Israel.

## Mexican Gov't Statements To UN Security Council Debate

United Nations, N.Y. July 17 (NSIPS) — The following is the text of the letter from the Mexican government presented to the United Nations Security Council on July 13 by Mexican Ambassador to the UN, Roberto Rosenzwieg-Diaz.

The government of Mexico wishes to reiterate its condemnation of all terrorist acts, and particularly those that endanger the lives of innocent people, as is the case of the recent Air France plane hijacking by a group of Palestinian extremists. The Palestine Liberation Organization, which according to resolution 3236 of the UN General Assembly is the representative of the Palestinian people, has dissociated itself from those acts.

True to its principles however, Mexico cannot fail to make equally known its firm rejection of the use of armed force by any state as a means to solve conflicts, given that such acts flagrantly violate the Charter of the United Nations and the universally accepted principles of International Law, while they create precedents of incalculable danger for all of civilized coexistence.

The lack of political will to comply with the fundamental precepts of the Charter of the United Nations, as well as the pertinent resolutions adopted by that Organization, with respect to concrete cases, has, in the opinion of the Mexican government, produced a serious impasse in the Mideast, which affects all international activity.

We wish therefore to urge those countries directly involved in that conflict, and all members of the international community, to make urgent effort to find formulas which will allow a definite solution to the problem of the Middle East. These formulas must necessarily ensure the right of all states in the region to live in peace and security, as well as establish the right of the Palestinian people to form a state with their own territory, doubtless allowing major control by the leaders of the PLO, in order to avoid a recurrence of terrorist acts which are to be condemned from any standpoint.



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